

## STRATEGIES AND THE ROADMAP TO COPENHAGEN AND BEYOND

GOALS	STRATEGIES AND ACTIVITIES
<p><b>1. Raise level of awareness of indigenous peoples in Asia on climate change and the UNFCCC.</b></p>	<p>1.1. Undertake awareness raising and education activities on climate change and on the state of negotiations in the UNFCCC as well the National Policies and programmes on climate change.</p> <p>1.2. Develop popular multimedia education and training materials on climate change, translate in major languages spoken in Asia and disseminate widely.</p> <p>1.3. Develop a media strategy so that issues of indigenous peoples on climate change will be popularized.</p> <p>1.4. Develop a core of trainers on climate change and indigenous peoples who will be available for awareness and training activities.</p> <p>1.5. Link the implementation of the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples with climate change policies and actions.</p> <p>1.6. Train indigenous peoples to fully understand the UNDRIP and its linkages with climate change.</p>
<p><b>2. Document impacts of climate change on indigenous peoples and local mitigation and adaptation measures taken by them.</b></p>	<p>2.1. carry out field researches on the situation of indigenous peoples affected by climate change and their responses to these and disseminate these widely.</p> <p>2.2. train indigenous researchers to undertake these research projects.</p> <p>2.3. make audio and video documentation of stories of indigenous peoples affected by climate change and their adaptation and mitigation activities and disseminate these.</p> <p>2.4. Come up with books on these stories and explore how such research results can enter into the IPCC reports and other reports of relevant bodies.</p> <p>2.4. mobilize financial and human resources to support these activities.</p>
<p><b>3. Support campaigns of indigenous peoples against projects and policies which cause climate change and which violate rights of indigenous peoples and for the implementation of the UNDRIP.</b></p>	<p>3.1. monitor government and corporate activities related to climate change, document and disseminate these to indigenous peoples.</p> <p>3.2. support efforts and struggles of indigenous peoples against deforestation, logging and monoculture plantations and against extraction of oil, gas, coal, uranium in their territories.</p> <p>3.3. urge the World Bank, the Asian Development Bank and other multilateral financial institutions as well as the Equator Banks to abide by their safeguard policies on indigenous peoples to ensure that indigenous peoples' rights are not violated by projects supported by loans and grants from these institutions.</p> <p>3.4. urge these same institutions to implement the recommendations from the World Commission on Dams and the Extractive Industries Review in terms of respecting the free, prior and informed consent of indigenous peoples.</p> <p>3.5. Ensure that the WB funding under the FCPF, FIP and CIP, among others, will abide by the UNDRIP and will provide spaces in their decision making bodies for indigenous representatives to take part.</p> <p>3.6. Develop guides on the implementation of the UNDRIP as this relates with climate change policies, projects and activities/</p>

<p><b>4. Enhance the capacities of indigenous peoples to mitigate and adapt to climate change and to implement their self-determined development.</b></p>	<p>4.1. mobilize technical assistance and funds to support adaptation measures of indigenous peoples which include breeding of crops which are resistant to droughts and floods, disaster preparedness and management, locally controlled renewable energy projects, diversification of livelihoods, etc. and to support their mitigation measures.</p> <p>4.2. develop and disseminate information through booklets, posters, multimedia resources, including series of workshops on Climate Change Issues and the UNDRIP, e.g., translation of Tebtebba book (Guide to Climate Change and Indigenous Peoples) , guides on how and where to access funds for adaptation and mitigation.</p> <p>4.3. Promote exchange visits amongst indigenous peoples so they can learn more about how others are coping with climate change.</p> <p>4.4. strengthen indigenous peoples' community-based conservation, resource management, and sustainable use practices which are consistent with reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degradation (redd).</p> <p>4.5. support indigenous peoples' efforts to carry out their self-determined economic, social and cultural development and continue their traditional livelihoods which are low-carbon and carbon neutral.</p> <p>4.6. For those who opt to engage with REDD, help strengthen their organizations and their communities by developing guides, raising with them the opportunities and risks and disseminating widely the information they need to be able to benefit from these projects.</p> <p>4.7. gather support from various UN agencies, programmes and funds and from other multilateral bodies to reinforce self-determined development of indigenous peoples.</p>
<p><b>5. Enhance the capacities of indigenous peoples to influence national and global processes and decisions on climate change and to implement their self-determined economic, social and cultural development.</b></p>	<p>5.1. Support and prepare indigenous activists and leaders to participate in international and national processes on climate change so that they will have direct involvements in negotiations and will get their voices heard.</p> <p>5.2. Compose and train a core of indigenous activists and leaders who can participate consistently in the processes leading to Copenhagen and activities beyond Copenhagen.</p> <p>5.3. Disseminate timely information on the various processes to familiarize the indigenous peoples on what is happening.</p> <p>5.4. Jointly develop briefing papers, policy papers to be submitted to the Secretariat of the UNFCCC and also to national governments on the issues being negotiated.</p> <p>5.5. Jointly develop with UN agencies, programmes and funds and other NGOs legal briefs and reviews of negotiating texts in so far as these promote the rights and development of indigenous peoples.</p> <p>5.6. Make the Asia Indigenous Peoples' Network on Climate Change operational and functional and ensure that it does the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Facilitate further exchange of information and sharing of experiences in self-determined development using multimedia</li> <li>➤ Promote exchange visits between indigenous peoples.</li> <li>➤ Prepare strategic plans for regional and global cooperation; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Coordinate the Asia indigenous peoples' regional caucus during the UNFCCC processes.</li> <li>▪ Facilitate meetings of indigenous peoples with Parties to the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	<p>UNFCCC and promote dialogues on crucial issues.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Generate resources to enable indigenous persons to attend the various processes.</li> <li>▪ Develop and coordinate advocacy and lobby plans and activities to push for indigenous peoples rights and development in climate change processes, policies and programs at local, national, regional and global levels.</li> </ul> <p>5.7. Develop healthy and respectful relationships with NGOs and other civil society organizations and undertake joint and coordinated actions at the national and global levels.</p>
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## IMPORTANT DATES AND EVENTS IN 2009

DATES	EVENT	VENUE
29 March- 8 April 2009	AWG-LCA 5 / AWG-KP 7	Bonn, Germany
20-24 April 2009	Global Summit on Climate Change and Indigenous Peoples	Anchorage, Alaska
18-29 May 2009	8 <sup>th</sup> Session of the UN- Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues	New York, New York
1-12 June 2009	AWG-LCA 6/AWG-KP 8/ SBI and SBSTA 30	Bonn, Germany
4-10 August	Informal Meetings of AWG-LCA and AWG-KP	Bonn, Germany
28 Sept.-09 Oct. 2009	AWG-LCA 7 / AWG-KP 9	Bangkok, Thailand
2-6 November	Resumed Session of AWG-LCA 7 / AWG-KP 9	To be announced
07-18 Dec. 2009	COP 15 / COP-MOP 5	Copenhagen